

NC400-6 Counter

ELECTRONIC PROGRAMMABLE COUNTER – INSTRUCTIONS MANUAL – V1.2x E



The following symbols appear in the device and throughout this manual to call the user's attention as to important information related to safety and device use.



All safety recommendations must be followed as to warrant the individual's safety and prevent damage to the instrument or system. If the instrument is used in another way other than that specified in this manual, the equipment safety protections may not work properly.

Over Temperature Protection

When a system is designed, it is fundamental that one considers the consequence of any failure in any component of such system. In temperature control application, danger is even higher when heating remains constantly on. In applications where physical damage or device destruction may occur, the installation of an independent protection device is recommended, which has its own temperature sensor and can turn off the heating circuit in case of over heating. Note that the counter output relays of NC400-6 do not offer protection to all failure conditions.

INTRODUCTION

NC400-6 is an advanced 6-digit counter that also performs batch and totalizer counting operations. It has two outputs with independent and configurable presets that can be triggered based on counting, batch or totalization values. Its 2 outputs allow for an independent timed triggering.

The counting input can be configured to read dry-contact, voltage pulse, NPN our PNP sensor connections. Sensors may be powered by an internal power supply.

Counting mode can be configured as progressive, regressive, quadrature, ADD or SUB. Several reset modes — automatic or manual — can be configured. Manual reset can be generated by a digital input or key from the front panel.

DESCRIPTION

The NC400-6 counter and its configuration parameters are divided in the following blocks:

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Inputs	 Totalizator counter
Main counter	OUT1
 Batch counter 	• OUT2

Each of these blocks has its own set of configuration parameters, which together determine how the device works. A summary of the operation of each block is presented below as well as their parameters.

INPUTS

NC400-6 has three inputs that can be configured to read contacts, NPN sensors, PNP sensors or voltage pulse connections. All inputs must receive the same type of input signal. Functions of each input are:

<u>COUNT1</u>: Main counting input

HOLD/COUNT2	Input to hold counting or second counting input. The
	second counting input is required when the NC400-
	6 counter increases or decreases actions are
	determined by an external signal (quadrature
	signals, for example).
DECET	Input for external resot of counters and/or outputs

<u>RESET</u>: Input for external *reset* of counters and/or outputs.

The following configuration parameters are directly related to the operation of inputs:

SEnSEY	→	Selection of type of signal (contact, pulse, NPN, PNP).
coUnty	→	Selection of counting speed (slow or fast).
colinUP	>	Progressive or regressive counting choice and use of COUNT2 input.

MAIN COUNTER

It counts pulses from inputs, showing the value in the display after multiplying it by a configurable scaling factor. Manual or automatic reset. Two Set points can be defined (presets); when they are reached they produce configurable actions (enable output, increment batch counter, reset counter etc.) The following configuration parameters are directly related to the main counter operation.

FRetor	→	Factor that multiplies the number of input pulses (0.0000 I to 9.99999).
SPIc	→	Set point 1 for the main counter.
5P2 c	→	Set point 2 for the main counter.
oPt.SP.c	→	Condition for Set point 1 reached (main counter higher or lower than Set point 1).
oFF.c	→	Initial value (Offset) for main counter.
rE5c	>	Reset options in the main counter (input, key, Set point, output, etc.).

BATCH COUNTER

Counts the number of times that Set point 2 for the main counter was reached, with manual or automatic reset. When its Set point is exceeded (greater than or equals to) results in configurable actions (enable output or increment totalizer counter). It is always a progressive counter. The following configuration parameters are directly related to the batch counter operation.

SP BRE	→	Batch counter Set point.
oFF,bRE	→	Initial value (Offset) for the batch counter.
rES,bRE	→	Reset options for the batch counter (input, key, Set point, output, etc.).

TOTALIZER COUNTER

Totalizes the main counter or the number of times that the batch counter Set point was reached, with manual or automatic reset. When its Set point is reached (greater than or equals to) it can activate an output. The following configuration parameters are directly related to the totalizer operation.

oPttot	→	Totalizer counting option (input pulse or batch)
SP Lot	→	Totalizer Set point.
oFFE	→	Initial value (Offset) for the totalizer.
rEStot	>	Reset options for the totalizer (input, key, Set point, output, etc.).

OUT1

This output is always associated to the main counter, and it is **activated when Set point 1 is reached**, and disabled with time, reset, Set point 1 or when OUT2 is enabled. The following configuration parameters are directly related to the OUT1 operation.

olit (t	>	Time to deactivate OUT1 (0.00 to 9999.99 s).
oUE (E	>	Turn-off options of OUT1 (time, OUT2, <i>reset</i> , Set point 2).
olit loP	>	Freeze counting while OUT1 is activated (yes, no).
olit ic	→	OUT1 normal state open or closed.

OUT2

This output can be activated by Set point 2 of the main counter, by the batch counter Set point or by the totalizer Set point. It can be deactivated by time, reset, activation of OUT1 or Set point that activated it. The following configuration parameters are directly related to the OUT2 operation.

oUE2.5E	>	OUT2 activation options (Set point 2, batches or totalizer).
oUE2.E	>	Time to deactivate OUT2 (000 to 9999.99 s).
oUE2.E	>	Turn-off options of OUT2 (time, OUT1, reset).
oUE2.oP	→	Freeze counting while OUT2 is activated (yes, no).
oUE2.c	→	OUT2 normal mode open or closed.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

Figure 1 illustrates associations among features and resources of NC400-6:



Figure 1 - Diagram with features and resources of NC400-6

COUNTING MODES

The **collnty** parameter selects the counting mode as slow or fast. In the slow counting mode, a filter is applied to the counting signals, limiting the maximum pulse frequency, which is necessary to count the number of activations of electromechanical contacts. In the fast counting mode, NC400-6 operates up to the maximum frequency specified for the input signal. The frequency limits for each mode are defined in *Item 5*.

The **course** parameter defines the main counting direction (UP or DOWN) and the function of each input. **Table 1** shows options for this parameter.

Code	COUNT2/HOLD Input	COUNT1 Input	Main direction
0	HOLD	SUB	DOWN
1	HOLD	ADD	UP
Ч	SUB	SUB	DOWN
5	SUB	ADD	UP
6	ADD	SUB	DOWN
7	ADD	ADD	UP
8	Select ADD	SUB or ADD	DOWN
9	Select SUB	ADD or SUB	UP
12	QUADRATURE		DOWN
13	QUADRATURE		UP
14	QUADRATURE 2x		DOWN
- 15	QUADRATURE 2x		UP

Table 1 – Counting modes that can be selected with the collouP parameter.

The main counting direction affects the main counter:

Main direction UP:	Main counter count upstream, starting from the Offset value defined (usually zero). Actions can be programmed to take place in Set point 1 and 2 values.
Main direction DOWN:	The main counter count downstream, starting from the Set point 2 value (5P2c). The action programmed for this Set point will take place when the counter reaches the programmed Offset value.
The totalizer direction is always up	

The totalizer direction is always up.



Operation descriptions in this manual consider that the NC400-6 counter is operating in the UP direction. To operate in DOWN direction, refer to the explanation above.

You can select functions for COUNT1 and COUNT2/HOLD inputs:

<u>ADD</u> :	Progressive counting input.
<u>SUB</u> :	Regressive counting input.
HOLD:	Stops the counting input for COUNT1.

Select ADD/SUB:	COUNT2 input defines if COUNT1 input is progressive or regressive.
<u>QUADRATURE</u> :	Bidirectional counting mode that uses two counting inputs to determine if counting is progressive or regressive. In this counting mode, the county parameter is ignored

QUADRATURE 2X: The same as the QUADRATURE mode, but it counts twice as fast, increasing resolution. In this counting mode, the county parameter is ignored and the counting mode is always fast.

and the counting mode is always fast.

The counter is incremented or decremented whenever the voltage level in the counting inputs increases (rising edge) except in the fast counting mode (county = 1) in COUNT1 input.

The most representative counting modes are shown in **Figures 2** to **5**. Low and High levels in the following figures correspond to voltage levels in these inputs with PNP sensor or Voltage pulse. For the case of NPN sensors or dry contact, signals will be reversed.



Figure 2 - Counting modes 1 and 5





Figure 4 - Counting mode 13 (quadrature)



Figure 5 – Counting mode 15 (quadrature 2x)

SERIAL COMMUNICATION (OPTIONAL)

Optionally, NC400-6 can be delivered with an asynchronous masterslave serial communication interface RS-485 to communicate with a supervisor computer (master). The counter is always the slave. Communication always start with the master, which sends a command to the slave address with whom it wants to communicate. The addressed slave undertakes the command and sends the response to the master. NC400-6 also accepts *broadcast* commands.

FEATURES

- Signals compliant with the RS-485 standard. MODBUS (RTU) protocol. 2 wire connection between 1 master and up to 31 (able to address up to 247) instruments in bus topology. Communication signals are electrically isolated from the rest of the device;
- Maximum connection distance: 1000 meters;
- NC400-6 disconnection time: Maximum 2 ms after the last byte;
- Fixed communication speed (Baud Rate): 9600 bps;
- Number of data bits: 8, no parity. Number of stop bits: 1;
- Transmission onset and response time: maximum of 100 ms after command.

RS-485 signals are:

D1	D	D +	В	Bidirectional data line. Terminal 16	
D0	D	D -	Α	Reserved bidirectional data line. Terminal 17	
	C			Optimal connection that enhances	Terminal 18
GND			the communication performance.		

CONFIGURATION OF SERIAL COMMUNICATION PARAMETERS

Parameter that must be configured when the serial communication used:

RddrES 🔶	NC400-6 counter	communication address.
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OVERFLOW AND UNDERFLOW

If the counter is at **D** and it receives a pulse to decrement, the counter will show **999.999** and turn the OVFL flag on. This means that the counter rolls to **999.999**. If it increments beyond this, it will roll back to **D**, clearing OVFL flag.

On a similar way, when the counter is at **999.999** and it is increased, it will roll to **2** and turn the OVFL flag on. When it decreases again below **2**, it will turn the flag off and roll back to **999.999**.

Note: The setpoints and output control have no effect while OVFL flag is on, except those who are cleared by time.

INSTALLATION

PANEL MOUNT

NC400-6 must be installed in a papel. To install, follow the steps below:

- 1. Make a panel cutout of 45.5 x 45.5 mm;
- 2. Remove the clips from NC400-6;
- 3. Insert NC400-6 in the frontal panel cutout;
- 4. Replace clips in NC400-6 and press them tightly to clamp the counter to the panel.

INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- Input signal wires must be installed in grounded conduits and away from power or contactor wires+
- Instruments must be powered only by an exclusive power supply.
- System failure should always be taken into account when designing a control panel to avoid irreversible damage to equipment or people. The output internal relay does not warrant total protection.
- Installing RC filters (47 Ohms and 100 nF, serial) is strongly recommended at contactor coils or any other inductors.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

You can remove the internal part of the device from its case without removing connections. Signals are distributed in the rear panel as shown in **Figure 6**.



Figure 6 - Electrical connections of NC400-6

POWER SUPPLY - POWER

Before making the power supply connection (terminals 1 and 2), check the power voltage specified in the NC400-6 lateral identification label. It is recommended to install electrical safety devices.



OUTPUTS - OUT1 / OUT2

OUT 2 (terminals 3 and 4) is always a relay. OUT1 (terminals 5 and 6) can be a relay or voltage pulse. See *Item* 6 - Identification to determinate the OUT1 type.

Connect outputs respecting the specified capacity for voltage and current. Check polarity for pulse output.

Counting and command inputs - COUNT1 / COUNT2 / RESET

COUNT1, COUNT2 and RESET inputs accept connections of NPN or PNP sensors, dry-contact or voltage pulse. The type of signal is configured through the **SEnSLY** parameter, and all inputs must be the same type.

Figures 7a, 7b and 7c illustrates connections of those signals to the COUNT1 input. The same connection scheme applies to the other inputs.



Figure 7a - Connections to the NC400-6 inputs



Figure 7b - Connections to the NC400-6 inputs



Figure 7c – Connections to the NC400-6 inputs

AUXILIARY SUPPLY OUTPUT

NC400-6 has an auxiliary power supply output for external sensors (terminals 7 and 8). Check polarity and current limits before connecting external devices to the auxiliary supply. Inputs 8 and 9 are internally connected (not isolated)

CONFIGURATION

The proper operation of NC400-6 depends on the proper configuration of all parameters. Read the manual carefully and thoroughly before using the equipment.

KEYBOARD AND DISPLAY OPERATION

All configuration operations are performed through the front panel display and keyboard. The following are the panel elements and how to operate them.

	RUN: It is activated when the display shows the main counter value.		
	PM: It is activated when the display shows the batch counter value.		
543;	TOT: It is activated when the display shows the totalizer value.		
PM HOLD C RUN COM	OUT1 : It is activated whenever OUT1 is on.		
	OUT2: It is activated whenever OUT2 is on.		
	HOLD: It is activated whenever the counting input is on hold (because of <i>Hold</i> input activation, programmed input for key or configuration in oldt LoP or oldt 2.oP).		
COM:	Flashes whenever NC400-6 is exchanging data		
	through the communication interface (optional).		
OVFL:	When the display shows the value of one of the 3 counters, it means that the counter displayed is in overflow (counting over 999999 or below 0).		
MIN:	When the display shows the value of the main counter or totalizer, it means that the counter displayed is with a value below the offset (oFF.c or oFF.t).		
MAX:	MAX: When the display shows the value of the main counter, the batch counter or totalizer, it means that the counter displayed is with a value above SP2c, SPbRL or SPLoL, respectively.		
Ρ	Navigation key to access parameters.		
Key to increment NC400-6 parameters.			
Navigation key to access different digits in NC400-6.			
G	User-programmed key (see parameter F.F.Unc).		

Operation and configuration parameters of NC400-6 are grouped in 4 *Cycles*:

CYCLE	ACCESS
Count	Free
Set points (presets)	Timed. Can be password-protected
Configuration	Timed. Can be password-protected
Hardware setup	Time and password-protected

When the device is powered, display shows the counting cycle and the main counter value. Press \boxed{P} to switch to the batch counter and totalizer. Press \boxed{IP} to select the decimal point position for the main counter and totalizer (the batch counter does not use decimal points).

To access cycles with timed access, press **P** and hold for 2 seconds, which will provide access to the following upper cycle. Press and hold to access the following upper cycles.

In any cycle you can use \mathbf{P} to go to the next parameter. Press to change a parameter. Press \mathbf{A} to increment the flashing digit and \mathbf{P} to go to the next digit. In screens with decimal point configuration, it can be configured after passing through all the other digits. The parameter changed is saved in nonvolatile memory when \mathbf{P} is pressed.

Keys to access, change and save configuration parameters		
P To change parameters	P For 2 seconds to change cycle	
Blink the most significant digit	To increment the blinking digit	
To change the blinking digit	P To save and change parameter again	

PASSWORD

Depending on the protection level defined in **Prot**, the **PR55** screen can be displayed before access to **Set points**, **Configuration or Hardware setup Cycles**. If the wrong password is informed, all parameters will be protected against changes, and could only be viewed. Insert the right password to change parameters for a cycle. Default password is **1111**, and can be changed in **PR55.c** parameter.



In case you enter the wrong password 5 consecutive times, a new attempt will only be allowed after 10 minutes.

In case you have changed or forgotten the password, see item "Master Password" to check how to determine a master password for your device.

MASTER PASSWORD

The master password allows user to define a new password for the NC400-6. It is the first four digits of the serial number.

Ex.: The master password for device with serial number 87123465 is: $8\ 7\ 1\ 2$

How to use the master password:

1- Enter the master password value at **PR55**.

- 2- Go to **PR5.c** parameter and enter a new password.
- 3- Now you can use this new password.

COUNTING CYCLE

Indication of MAIN COUNTER value Press I to change the decimal point position
Indication of BATCH COUNTER value
Indication of TOTALIZER COUNTER value Press IP to change the decimal point position.

SET POINTS CYCLE

Set Point 1 - Counter	Set point 1 value of the main counter. Values range from 0.00000 to 999999 with configurable decimal point.
Set Point 2 - Counter	Set point 2 value of the main counter. Values range from 0.00000 to 9999999 with configurable decimal point.

SP BRE	Batch counter Set point value.
Set Point – Batch	Values range from D to 999999 .
Set Point - Totalizer	Set point 1 value of the totalizer counter. Values range from 000000 to 999999 with configurable decimal point.

CONFIGURATION CYCLE

CONFIGURATION CYCLE				
olit it	Duration in s from 0.00 to 9	econds of OUT1 pulse. Configurable		
Out1 Time		nfigured to turn off after a period of time ameter) and the programmed time is 0 , be enabled.		
oUE2E	from 0.00 to 9	econds of OUT2 pulse. Configurable		
Out2 Time	(oULE parameter) and the programmed time is D, OUT2 will not be enabled.			
oFF.c Offset - Counter	Value assigned to the main counter when it is started (reset). May vary from D to 999999 .			
oFF.bRL		ed to the batch counter when it is		
Offset - Batch	May vary from	n 0 to 999999 .		
oFF.LoL Offset - Totalizer	is started (res	,		
		n D to 999999 .		
	Function prog	rammed to 🕒 key.		
		ut countings. Press (F) once to hold		
	the count	ters. Press the key again to return		
F.F.Unc F Key Function	counting.	counters configured to reset with		
I Key I unclon	2: Reset of counters configured to reset with key. Leaves Hold state.			
	3: Output Re			
	4 : Reset of counters configured to reset with 9			
		uts reset. Leaves <i>Hold</i> state.		
oPttot		pulses applied to the main counter		
Options - Totalizer		now many times the batch counter		
	Condition for	OUT1 to turn off.		
		C: Set point 1 does not turn off OUT1.		
		t: Turns off when (see parameter		
10.15	00000	oPt.5P.c). For example: If OUT1 was enabled when the Set point 1		
Out <u>1</u> – End		value was reached in a		
		progressive counting, OUT 1 will be disabled when the counter		
		becomes lower than Set point 1.		
	00000	 B: Set point 2 does not affect OUT1. I: Turns off when the counter 		
		reaches Set point 2.		
		D: External reset does not affect OUT1.		
		I: Turns off at the start of an external		
	000000	reset pulse. 2 : Turns off at the end of an external		
		reset pulse.		
		3 : Turns off at the start of an external reset pulse.		
		C: OUT2 does not affect OUT1.		
	0000	t: Turns off when OUT2 is turned on.turns off when OUT2 is turned off.		
	LUUUU <mark>H</mark> U	3 : Turns off when OUT2 is turned on		
		or off. D: OUT1 (out lb) time does not		
		affect OUT1.		
	00000	I: Turns off after the time defined in OUT1 Time parameter (oll LL)		
		has expired.		

	0 111 1	
	Condition for	OUT2 to turn off.
		D : Set points do not turn off OUT2.
	0000	I: Turns off when the condition that
oUE2.E		turned it on is not valid anymore
Out2 - End		(see parameter oUL2.5E).
		C: External reset does not affect
		OUT2.
		I: Turns off at the start of an external
	000000	reset pulse. 2 : Turns off at the end of an external
		reset pulse.
		3 : Turns off at the start of an external
		reset pulse.
		D: OUT1 does not affect OUT2.
		I: Turns off when OUT1 is turned on.
	0000000	2 : Turns off when OUT1 is turned on.
		3: Turns off when OUT1 is turned on
		or off.
		D: OUT2 (out 2) time does not
		affect OUT2.
	00000	I: Turns off after the time in OUT2
		Time parameter (out 2) has
		expired.
	Effect of	f reset on the main counter.
		D: OUT2 does not affect the main
		counter.
		I: Resets when OUT2 is turned on.
	0000	2: Resets when OUT2 is turned off.
		3: Resets when OUT2 is turned on
		or off.
rE5.c		D: OUT1 does not affect the main
Reset Counter		counter.
•	00000	I: Resets when OUT1 is turned on.
	uu <mark>u</mark> uuu	2: Resets when OUT1 is turned off.
		3 : Resets when OUT1 is turned on
		or off.
		D : e key does not affect the main
	nnn <mark>h</mark> nn	counter.
	000 0 00	I: B key resets the main counter if
	000 0 00	 key resets the main counter if configured as reset.
	000	 I:
		 f: key resets the main counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset does not affect the main counter.
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		 key resets the main counter if configured as reset. Remote reset does not affect the main counter. Remote reset resets the main counter. Resets the main counter when Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. Resets the main counter when Set point 2 is triggered. OUT2 does not affect the batch counter. OUT2 does not affect the batch counter. Resets when OUT2 is turned on. Resets when OUT2 is turned on. Resets when OUT2 is turned on. key does not affect the batch counter. Resets when OUT2 is turned on.
		 i key resets the main counter if configured as reset. ii: Remote reset does not affect the main counter. i: Remote reset resets the main counter. i: Resets the main counter when Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. i: Resets the main counter when Set point 2 is triggered. i: Resets the main counter. i: OUT2 does not affect the batch counter. i: Resets when OUT2 is turned on. i: Resets when OUT2 is turned off. i: Resets when OUT2 is turned off. i: Resets when OUT2 is turned on or off. i: key resets the batch counter if configured as reset. i: Remote reset resets the batch counter. i: Remote reset resets the batch counter. i: Remote reset resets the batch counter.
		 t: key resets the main counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset does not affect the main counter. 1: Remote reset resets the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the batch counter. D: OUT2 does not affect the batch counter. D: Resets when OUT2 is turned on. C: Resets when OUT2 is turned off. B: key does not affect the batch counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset does not affect the batch counter. C: Remote reset resets the batch counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset resets the batch counter. D: Remote reset resets the batch counter. D: Batch Set point does not affect the
		 t: key resets the main counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset does not affect the main counter. 1: Remote reset resets the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the point 2 is triggered. f reset on the batch counter. D: OUT2 does not affect the batch counter. D: Resets when OUT2 is turned on. 2: Resets when OUT2 is turned on. 2: Resets when OUT2 is turned off. 3: Resets when OUT2 is turned on or off. D: key resets the batch counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset does not affect the batch counter. t: Remote reset sthe batch counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset resets the batch counter. D: Remote reset nesets the batch counter. D: Batch Set point does not affect the batch counter.
		 t: key resets the main counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset does not affect the main counter. 1: Remote reset resets the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the main counter. D: Set point 2 does not affect the batch counter. D: OUT2 does not affect the batch counter. D: Resets when OUT2 is turned on. C: Resets when OUT2 is turned off. B: key does not affect the batch counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset does not affect the batch counter. C: Remote reset resets the batch counter if configured as reset. D: Remote reset resets the batch counter. D: Remote reset resets the batch counter. D: Batch Set point does not affect the

	Effect of	reset on the totalizer counter.	
		D : OUT2 does not affect the totalizer	
Reset Totalizer	00 0 000	 counter. t: Resets when OUT2 is turn on. 2: Resets when OUT2 is turn off. 3: Resets when OUT2 is turned on or off. 	
	000	 D: (a) key does not affect the totalizer counter. t: (b) key resets totalizer counter if configured as reset. 	
		D: Remote reset does not affect the totalizer counter.I: Remote reset resets the totalizer counter.	
	00000	 D: Set point 2 does not affect the totalizer counter. I: Resets totalizer counter when Totalizer Set point is triggered. 	
oPL.SP.c Option for Counter		responding to SP1 are performed when counter becomes lower than or equal to	
Setpoint		responding to SP1 are performed when counter becomes higher than or equal lue.	
OUL LOP Out1 Option	Option that determines whether counting will be frozen or not while OUT1 is triggered. D: Releases counting while OUT1 is triggered. t: Holds counting while OUT1 is triggered.		
Out2 Option	Option that determines whether counting will be frozen or not while OUT2 is triggered. D: <i>Releases</i> counting while OUT2 is triggered I: <i>Holds</i> counting while OUT2 is triggered.		
OUL 2.5E Out2 Selector	Selects which Set point will enable OUT2. D: Main counter Set point 2. I: Batch counter set point. 2: Totalizer set point.		

HARDWARE CONFIGURATION CYCLE

PR55 Password	Parameter that requires a password to be inserted in order to enable changes on next parameters (see item " Password ").
	Accepts values from DDDD to 9999.
-10-1-	Definition of OUT1 normal mode.
olit ic	D : Relay (NO - <i>closes</i> contact when triggered).
Out1 Contact	I: Relay (NC - opens contact when triggered).
	Definition of OUT2 normal mode.
oUL2.c	D : Relay (NO - <i>closes</i> contact when triggered).
Out2 Contact	I: Relay (NF - opens contact when triggered).
SEnSEY	Signal polarity applied to all inputs of NC400-6, it makes possible to change hardware input settings according to signal used.
Sensor Type	D : Sensor with open collector output NPN or dry contact .
	I: Sensor with open collector output PNP or pulse input.
	It define the input signal reading mode.
Շ օԱ Դ է ՝ ՝ Counter Type	C : <i>slow</i> reading speed. A filter is applied to inputs and after a pulse is acknowledged it ignores for 9 ms any following pulse in that input (it must be used in Dry Contac signals). In quadrature counting modes (colloul $P \ge 12$) this filter is ignored.
	I: fast reading speed. A filter is not applied to inputs.

	Selections	of the NC400-6 cou	intina directi	on	
	Selections of the NC400-6 counting direction. Note : See "Counting Modes" for further details.				
	Regressive (DOWN) starting from Set point 2 down.				
	•	ve (UP) starting fror	•		
	For counting modes with two inputs, the COUNT2 input is used as secondary counting input.				
	Code	COUNT2/HOLD Input	COUNT1 Input	Main Direction	
	0	HOLD	SUB	DOWN	
	1	HOLD	ADD	UP	
coUnUP	ч	SUB	SUB	DOWN	
Counter Up	5	SUB	ADD	UP	
	6	ADD	SUB	DOWN	
	٦	ADD	ADD	UP	
	8	Select ADD	SUB or ADD	DOWN	
	9	Select SUB	ADD or SUB	UP	
	12	QUADRAT	URE	DOWN	
	- IB	QUADRATURE		UP	
	14	QUADRATU	RE 2x	DOWN	
	15	QUADRATU	RE 2x	UP	
ErRSED	D : Does not erase zeros on the left.				
Erase 0	t: Erases zeros on the left of the first decimal point digit.				
FRctor Factor	Counter conversion factor is the value by which the input pulses are multiplied. Configurable from 0.0000 I to 9.99999 . Value programmed here is the increment value (or decrement) applied to main counter at every counting pulse.				
Addres	NC400-6 communication address. Configurable from 1 to 247. Only used in equipment with RS-485 communication (optional).				
	Defines the parameter levels that will be protected, preventing changes in parameters.				
Prot	I: Only the Hardware Configuration level is protected (factory setting)				
Prot ection	Configuration and Hardware Configuration levels are protected.				
	B: Hardware Configuration, Configuration and Set points levels are protected.				
PR55_C Password Change	Parameter that makes possible to change the current password. Can only be accessed if the right password was informed in PR55 screen. Configurable from DDDD to 9999 .				
Serial Number 1	Shows the <i>four first</i> digits of the NC400-6 serial number.				
Ser ial Number 2	Shows the <i>four last</i> digits of the NC400-6 serial number.				

SPECIFICATIONS

6-digit red display 12 mm-high.

Three inputs: COUNT1, COUNT2 and Reset.

Can be configured four NPN, PNP, dry-contact or voltage pulse Low level: < 2 Vdc, High level: > 3 Vdc

Input Impedance: 4700 Ω.

Maximum input voltage: ± 30 Vdc.

Dry-contact input polarization: 5 V / 4700 Ω .

Maximum counting frequency (square wave):

- 20 kHz in COUNT1 input for collocy = 1 and collocy < 12.
- 4 kHz in COUNT2 input for county = 1 and counture < 12.
- 55 Hz for **collect** = **0** and **collect** < **12**.
- 4 kHz for both inputs **collnup** \geq 12.

Counting modes: Up, down, ADD/ADD, ADD/SUB, SUB/ADD, SUB/SUB, external selection of UP/DOWN Quadrature, Quadrature 2x..

Response time for output activation, reset and batch count: $0.5 \mbox{ to } 5 \mbox{ ms}.$

Relay outputs: SPST 3 A @ 250 Vac.

Pulse output: 5 Vdc. Output impedance 100 Ω .

Timing accuracy: 3 %.

Auxiliary voltage source: 12 Vdc (± 10 %) / 50 mA.

Power supply: 100 to 240 Vac/dc (±10 %), 50/60 Hz Optional 24 V: 12 to 24 Vdc / 24 Vac (-10 % / 20 %)

Consumption: 9 VA max.

Internal battery: Lithium CR2032.Typical battery life: 8-months.

Configuration parameters hold: 10-year minimum in E2PROM memory.

Dimensions: 48 x 48 x 110 mm.

Panel cutout: 45.5 x 45.5 mm.

Material and front panel sealing: Polycarbonate UL94 V-2, IP65.

Material and case sealing: ABS+PC UL94 V-0, IP20.

Operating Temperature: 0 to 50 °C

Relative humidity: Maximum: 80 % up to 30 °C. For temperatures 30 °C, decrease 3 % per °C.

Panel protection: Complies to NEMA 4X internal use; Installation II, Pollution level 2; altitude < 2000 m.

EMC: EN 61326-1:1997 and EN 61326-1/A1:1998

Safety: EN61010-1:1993 and EN61010-1/A2:1995

IDENTIFICATION

In order to identify your model of NC400-6, check the name in the device label, as per $\ensuremath{\text{Table 2}}$.

Example:

NC400-6 -	RR -	485 -	24V
Α	В	С	D

A: Model	NC400-6		
B : Ontional	RR (model with OUT1: Relay and OUT2: Relay)		
B : Optional	RP (model with OUT1: Pulse and OUT2: Relay)		
C : Digital	blank (basic version, without serial communication)		
Communication	485 (version with serial RS485, Modbus protocol)		
D. Dawar Gurahu	blank (basic version, with 100 to 240 Vac/dc power supply)		
D: Power Supply	24V (version with 12 to 24 Vdc / 24 Vac power supply)		

Table 2 – Identification of NC400-6

WARRANTY

Warranty conditions are available on our web site www.novusautomation.com/warranty.